Resources: Glossary:

L.E.D. = Light Emitting Diode: a semiconductor device, as are computer chip and PV cell.

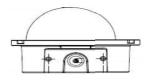
<u>Lumen</u> = unit of visible light power (output)

Watt = unit of power (input)

<u>LPW</u> = lumen per watt = unit of efficiency (could be bulb or fixture)

Color Temperature (CCT) = (simplified:) "cool" ~5000K / "neutral" ~4000K / "warm" ~3000K

This session: is not a training. is geared for energy professionals.





Commercially Available LED Product Evaluation and Reporting









**ENERGY STAR® Program Requirements Product Specification for Lamps (Light Bulbs)** 

> **Eligibility Criteria** Version 1.0

**ENERGY STAR® Program Requirements** for Luminaires

**Partner Commitments** 

## The Lighting Consumer's Conundrum

Thursday, March 10, 2016

1:30 pm - 2:30 pm

#### Speakers:

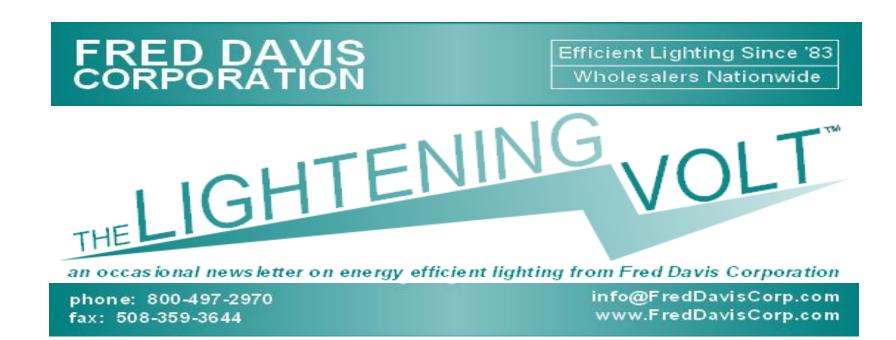
Taylor Jantz-Sell Jim Yorgey

#### **Moderater:**

**Fred Davis** 



# Fred Davis Corporation Efficient Lighting Specialists

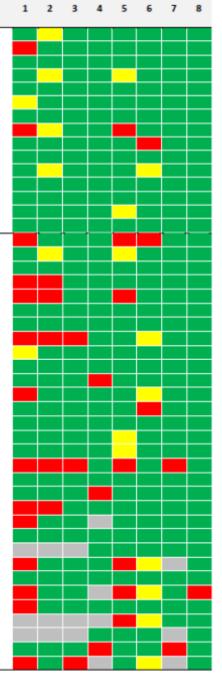


Please subscribe to our free occasional e-newsletter on developments in efficient lighting

# Retail Study

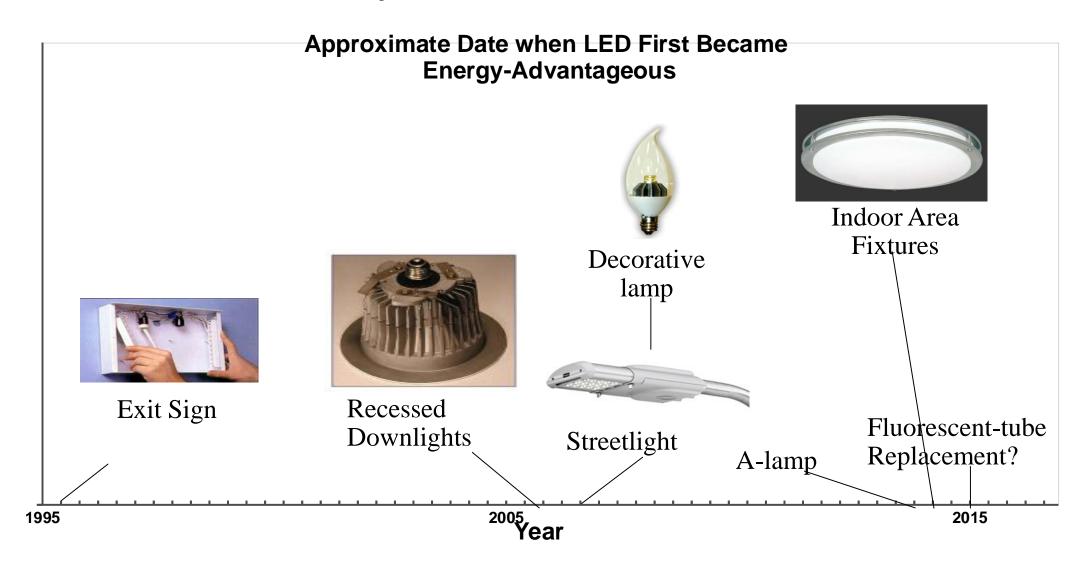


Huge improvement: 2010-2011-2013



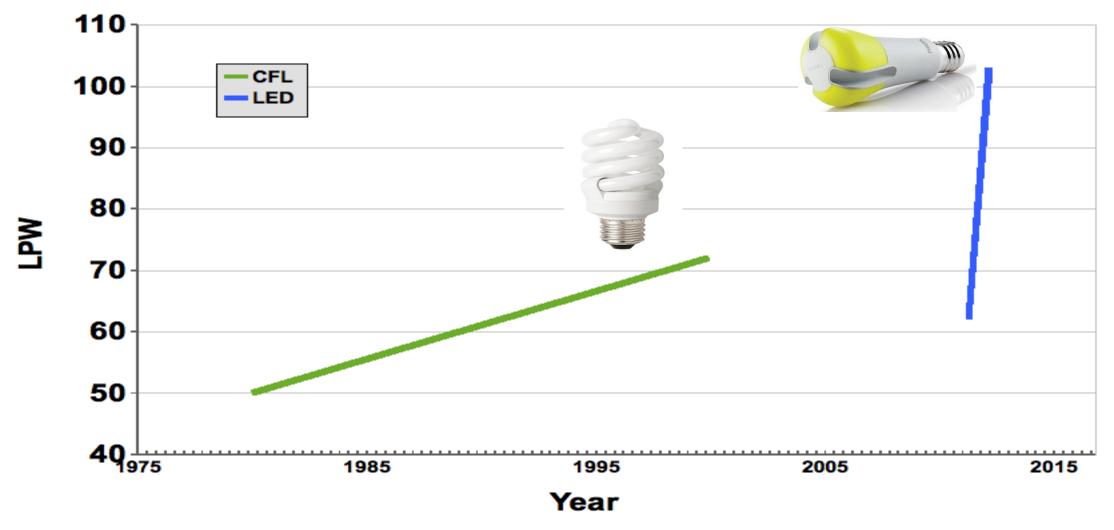
- 1. Equivalency Claim: Lumen Output (A19) or CBCP (PAR30 or MR16)
  - Emitted less than 95% of the appropriate lumen output (A19/A21), or emitted less than the allowable value of the ENERGY STAR equivalency tool (PAR30, MR16)
  - Emitted between 95% and 100% of the appropriate lumen output (A lamps)
  - Exceeded the appropriate lumen output (A lamps) or CBCP (PAR30, MR16)
- 2. Equivalency Claim: Luminous Intensity Distribution
  - Did not have the same distribution as the benchmark products (e.g., semi-directional instead of omnidirectional, directional lamp with beam angle over 100°); deviation greater than 50% at a given vertical angle
  - Some deviation (greater than 30% at a given vertical angle) from the benchmark distribution
  - Closely approximated the distribution of the benchmark product
- 3. Equivalency Claim: Color Quality (CRI, CCT, and Day)
  - Had a CRI less than 79, CCT above 3500 K, or D<sub>uv</sub> outside ANSI tolerances (±0.006)
  - Had a CRI of 79 or above, a nominal CCT of 2700 K or 3000 K, and a D<sub>w</sub> within ANSI tolerances (±0.006)
- 4. Equivalency Claim: Size
  - Exceeded ANSI tolerances for diameter or length by more than 5%.
  - Met or was within both diameter and length tolerances established by ANSI
- 5. Manufacturer Data: Lumen Output
  - Emitted less than 90% of the listed lumen output
  - Emitted more than 110% of the listed lumen output
  - Emitted between 90% and 110% of the listed lumen output
- Manufacturer Data: Input Power
  - Drew more than 110% of the listed input power
  - Drew less than 90% of the listed input power
  - Drew between 90% and 110% of the listed input power
- Manufacturer Data: Beam Angle
  - Was not omnidirectional or exceeded ANSI tolerances for listed beam angle
  - Emitted light in all directions ("Omni") or was within ANSI tolerances for listed beam angle
- 8. Manufacturer Data: Color Quality (CRI, CCT)
  - CRI was more than 10% different from listed value; nominal listed CCT was not accurate
  - CRI was less than 10% different from listed value; nominal listed CCT was accurate

#### **History of LED Fixture Advances**



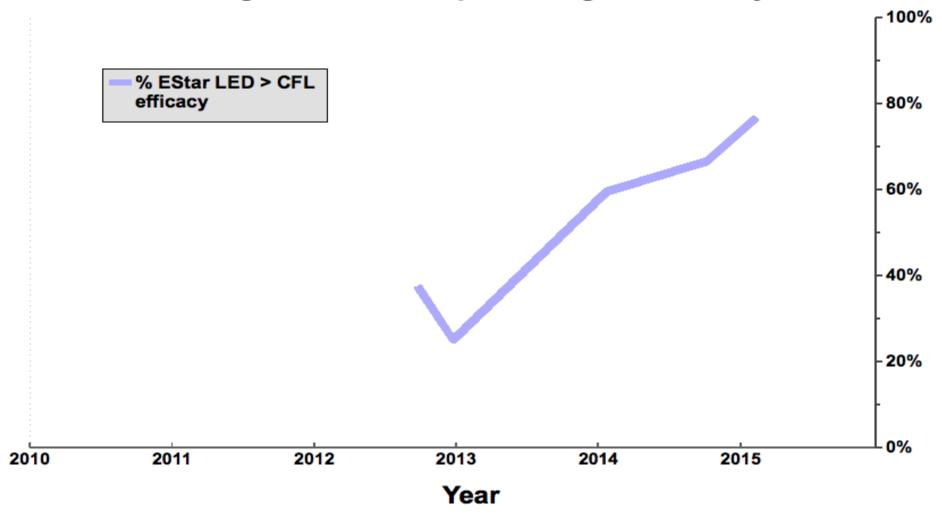
#### **History of Lamp Efficiency**

#### Best Source Efficacy in Lumens per Watt



#### **History of Lamp Efficiency**

Percentage of LED A-Lamps Beating CFL Efficacy



### **History of Lamp Efficiency**

Percentage of LED A-Lamps Beating CFL Efficacy

